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UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

ANNUAL REPORTS FORM X-17A-5 PART III OMB APPROVAL

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Information Required Pursuan	t to Rules 17a-5, 1	7a-12, and	18a-7 under	the Securities Exc	hange Act of 1934		
FILING FOR THE PERIOD BEGIN	NING 01/01/2	22	AND F	ND ENDING 12/31/22			
MM/DD/YY		MM/DD/YY					
	A. REGISTRA	ANT IDEN	TIFICATION				
NAME OF FIRM: Hornor,	Townsend 8	& Kent	, LLC				
TYPE OF REGISTRANT (check al Broker-dealer	ity-based swap d	ealer	☐ Major se	ecurity-based sw	ap participant		
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE	OF BUSINESS: (D	o not use	a P.O. box n	o.)			
600 Dresher Road							
	(N	o. and Stree	et)				
Horsham PA					19044		
(City)		(Sta		(Zip Code)			
PERSON TO CONTACT WITH RE	GARD TO THIS FI	LING					
Cristina Leder 215-956-8348 clo				cleder(cleder@htk.com		
(Name)	(Area Code –	(Area Code – Telephone Number) (I			(Email Address)		
	B. ACCOUNT	ANT IDEN	NTIFICATION				
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNT	·	orts are o	ontained in	this filing*			
PricewaterhouseCo							
Two Commerce Square	Name – if individual, Suite 1800 P			name) PA	19103		
(Address)	(Ci	ty)		(State)	(Zip Code)		
October 20, 2003				238			
(Date of Registration with PCAOB)(if a				(PCAOB Registration	Number, if applicable		
	FOR OI	FFICIAL US	SE UNLY				

Persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.



^{*} Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual reports be covered by the reports of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis of the exemption. See 17 CFR 240.17a-5(e)(1)(ii), if applicable.

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

	Aaron Gordon				n) that, to t	he best of my	knowledge and belief, the	
			m of Hornor, Townsend a				, as of	
	27						either the company nor any	
•	ther, officer, dire	•	person, as the case ma	ay be, nas a	ny proprieta	ary interest in a	iny account classified solely	
as	tilat of a custoffi	e1.				Λ		
					Signature:	Henry	Godov	
	Pamela	Walker		·	5.Ba.ca. c.	1 wo	Colace V	
	Signed on 2023/02/27	III pe in sin			 Title:			
			ennsylvania - Notary Seal		President			
		PAMELA WALKER, I Montgomery County	Notary Public					
No	tary Public	My Commission Expi						
Th:	- f:::**	Commission Number Notary Stamp 2023/02/27 09:06:19 PST 15 (CITECK dil applica	1357170	419B4				
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	(d) Statement of	•		,				
	(e) Statement of	f changes in stockhol	ders' or partners' or sol	le proprieto	r's equity.			
	(f) Statement of	changes in liabilities	subordinated to claims	s of creditors	S.			
	(g) Notes to con	solidated financial st	atements.					
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		_	h under 17 CFR 240.18a					
			f customer reserve requ	=				
Ш				reserve requ	irements pu	rsuant to Exhibi	t B to 17 CFR 240.15c3-3 or	
		CFR 240.18a-4, as ap	plicable. of PAB Requirements un	nder Evhihit	Λ to 8 240 1	5.62-2		
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	worth under 17	CFR 240.15c3-1, 17	CFR 240.18a-1, or 17 C	CFR 240.18a-	2, as applica	ble, and the res	erve requirements under 17	
	CFR 240.15c3-3 or 17 CFR 240.18a-4, as applicable, if material differences exist, or a statement that no material differences							
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					certain state	ements in the co	ompliance report under 17	
		r 17 CFR 240.18a-7,						
	(w) Independent	t public accountant's	report based on a revie	ew of the ex	emption rep	ort under 17 Cl	FR 240.17a-5 or 17	
	CFR 240.18a-7, a							
		l reports on applying	g agreed-upon procedui	res, in accor	dance with 1	L7 CFR 240.15c3	3-1e or 17 CFR 240.17a-12,	
	as applicable.							
Ш						ted since the da	ite of the previous audit, or	
		t no material inadeq	uacies exist, under 17 C	.гк 240.1/а-	12(K).			
	(z) Other:							

^{**}To request confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see 17 CFR 240.17a-5(e)(3) or 17 CFR 240.18a-7(d)(2), as applicable.



Hornor, Townsend & Kent, LLC

Statement of Financial Condition
With Report of Independent Registered Public
Accounting Firm
December 31, 2022



Hornor, Townsend & Kent, LLC Index **December 31, 2022**

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The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.





Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Board of Managers and Member of Hornor, Townsend & Kent, LLC:

Opinion on the Financial Statement - Statement of Financial Condition

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Hornor, Townsend & Kent, LLC (the "Company") as of December 31, 2022, including the related notes (collectively referred to as the "financial statement"). In our opinion, the financial statement presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2022 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

The financial statement is the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's financial statement based on our audit. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB) and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audit of the financial statement in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud.

Our audit included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. Our audit also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statement. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

February 24, 2023

We have served as the Company's auditor since 2004.

Priduater Lowse Coopers LLP

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, Two Commerce Square, 2001 Market Street, Suite 1800, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19103-7042 T: (267) 330 3000; F: (267) 330 3300, www.pwc.com/us



Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,549,509
Segregated cash	250,000
Deposits with clearing organizations	250,000
Receivables from broker/dealers and clearing organizations	2,713,024
Commissions receivable	1,855,402
Capitalized software implementation costs	75,000
Prepaid expenses	1,470,859
Receivables from Parent and affiliates	441,267
Deferred tax asset, net	36,685
Other assets	 435,097
Total assets	\$ 15,076,843
Liabilities and Member's Equity	
Liabilities	
Commissions payable	\$ 3,233,832
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	2,105,454
Payable to Parent	 721,454
Total liabilities	6,060,740
Member's Equity	
Member's equity	38,159,264
Accumulated deficit	(29,143,161)
Total member's equity	 9,016,103
Total liabilities and member's equity	\$ 15,076,843

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.



1. Organization and Basis of Presentation

Hornor, Townsend & Kent, LLC (the "Company") is an introducing broker-dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, the Depository Trust Clearing Corporation ("DTCC") and the National Securities Clearing Corporation. The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of The Penn Mutual Life Insurance Company ("Penn Mutual" or "Parent"). The Company has one inactive wholly owned subsidiary, HTK Insurance Agency, Inc. The Company selects, trains, and supervises personnel of Penn Mutual and independent registered representatives in connection with the sale of registered products.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and in the accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash and money market instruments, with both original maturities of three months or less and no redemption restrictions. At December 31, 2022, the Company had \$4,825,447 in cash equivalents.

Segregated Cash

Segregated Cash balance of \$250,000 represents cash in a bank account voluntarily established in good faith, in the event cash was needed for the benefit of customers. The Company is exempt from Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission, which dictates the amount of cash and securities that broker-dealer firms must segregate in a Special Custody Account for the Exclusive Benefit of Customers of HTK.

Deposits with Clearing Organizations

Deposits with clearing organizations include \$250,000 in deposits with Pershing LLC, the Company's clearing organization.

Receivable from Brokers/Dealers and Clearing Organizations

The Company's receivable from brokers/dealers and clearing organizations contains a receivable from Pershing LLC in the amount of \$2,019,524 at December 31, 2022. The Company clears certain of its customer transactions through Pershing LLC on a fully disclosed basis. The amount receivable from the clearing broker relates to commissions and other fees earned for the aforementioned transactions. It also contains a 12b-1 receivable from various mutual fund carriers for \$693,500 for business processed directly with those carriers. Typical business practices are that such receivables are usually remitted on a monthly or quarterly basis.

Capitalized Software Implementation Costs

Capitalized software implementation costs incurred during the design, construction and testing phases have been capitalized and are amortized over five years on a straight line basis, once deployed. Costs related to planning and analysis have been expensed.



Current Expected Credit Losses

The amount of unsettled credit exposures from Pershing LLC and other various mutual fund carriers represent short-term receivables generated in the normal course of business, with historical and projected financial information supporting the expectation of settlement in full within 90 days. Guidance allows an entity to have a zero loss reserve for financial assets where historical credit loss information adjusted for current conditions and reasonable and supportable forecasts results in an expectation that the nonpayment of the amortized cost basis is zero. Based on the nature of these receivables, the Company will apply the practical expedient of zero loss provision to these assets. As such, the Company has not recorded an allowance for credit losses related to these receivables as of December 31, 2022.

Federal Income Taxes

The Company files a consolidated federal income tax return with its Parent. Federal income taxes are charged or credited to operations based upon amounts estimated to be payable or recoverable as a result of taxable operations for the current year. In 2014, the Company modified the tax sharing agreement with its Parent. In connection with this agreement, the Company will compute its federal tax liability on a benefits for loss basis. The Company will pay for any taxable income it contributes to the Parent's consolidated income tax return, or receive a reimbursement of income taxes for net operating losses actually used to reduce the tax liability of the Parent's consolidated income tax return. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are established to reflect the impact of temporary differences between the amount of assets and liabilities recognized for financial reporting purposes and such amounts recognized for tax purposes. These deferred tax assets or liabilities are measured by using the enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the period in which the deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or realized.

Valuation of Company Assets

Fair Value Measurements

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair value measurement is based on assumptions market participants would make in pricing an asset or liability. Inputs to valuation techniques to measure fair value are prioritized by establishing a three-level fair value hierarchy. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets and the lowest priority to prices derived from unobservable inputs. An asset or liability's classification within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of significant input to its fair value measurement.

The Company has categorized its assets and liabilities into the three-level fair value hierarchy based upon the priority of the inputs. The following summarizes the types of assets and liabilities included within the three-level hierarchy:

Level 1 – Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities without adjustment.

Level 2 – Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets, quoted prices in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities. The Company does not hold any assets carried at fair value in Level 2 assets.

Level 3 – Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities. Level 3 assets and liabilities include financial instruments whose value is determined using pricing models, or similar techniques, as well as instruments for which the determination of fair value requires significant judgment by management. The Company does not hold any assets carried at fair value in Level 3.

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The Company had no transfers of financial instruments between Levels during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022.

Money Market - The fair value of money market funds, which are included in Cash and cash equivalents, is based upon daily quoted net asset values of shares held at the reporting date.

The following table presents information about the Company's financial instruments measured at a Fair Value on recurring basis as of December 31, 2022:

Financial Assets	C	Quoted Prices in Active Markets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant nobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Totals
Cash	\$	2,724,062	\$ 	\$ — \$	2,724,062
Money market funds		4,825,447		_	4,825,447
Total	\$	7,549,509	\$ 	\$ — \$	7,549,509

Cash and cash equivalents, Segregated cash, Deposits with clearing organizations, Receivables from brokers/ dealers and clearing organizations, Commissions receivable, and certain Other assets - these assets are generally short-term in nature and with creditworthy counterparties therefore carrying value approximates fair value. Commissions payable, Accounts payable and accrued expenses and Payable to Parent - these liabilities are generally short-term in nature; therefore, carrying value approximates fair value.

Related Party Transactions

The Company supports Penn Mutual's professional agents and financial advisors and sells Penn Mutual Variable Life and Variable Annuity Products.

Under the terms of an expense allocation agreement between the Company and Penn Mutual, the Company reimbursed Penn Mutual for services provided on behalf of the Company.

As a marketing allowance, the Company pays an 82% ratio of commission expense on commission revenue. Commission revenue is defined as commissions from the sale of investment company shares, variable insurance products and securities and fee income from investment advisory and asset management services. After commissions are paid to registered representatives, the residual amount is paid to Penn Mutual. Effective January 1, 2023, the marketing allowance with Penn Mutual has been terminated. The termination of the agreement along with revisions to the Broker-Dealer Selling and Sales Support Agreement between the Company and Penn Mutual more closely aligns the relationship with that of other insurance company sponsors.

As of December 31, 2022, the Company had a receivable of \$441,263 from Penn Mutual for federal income tax, a receivable of \$4 from The Penn Insurance and Annuity and a payable of \$721,454 to Penn Mutual resulting from related party transactions described above.



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5. **Credit Risk**

The Company clears approximately 29% of their securities transactions through a clearing broker, with whom the Company maintains a Proprietary Accounts for Introducing Brokers ("PAIB") agreement. Accordingly, a substantial portion of the Company's credit exposure is concentrated with its clearing broker. In accordance with industry practice, the clearing agent records customer transactions on a settlement-date basis, which is generally two business days after trade date. The clearing agent is therefore exposed to risk of loss on these transactions in the event of a customer's inability to meet the terms of their contracts, in which case the clearing agent may have to purchase or sell the underlying financial instruments at prevailing market prices. Any loss incurred by the clearing agent, on behalf of a customer of the Company, is charged to the Company.

Income Taxes

Deferred income taxes reflect the impact for financial statement reporting purposes of temporary differences between the financial statement carrying values and tax basis of assets and liabilities. The tax effects of temporary differences and carryforwards that give rise to the deferred tax asset are the following as of December 31, 2022:

Deferred tax assets:	
Producer rewards and conferences	\$ 157,820
Legal	 42,000
Total deferred tax assets	199,820
Deferred tax liability:	
Prepaid expenses	 (163,135)
Total deferred tax liabilities	(163,135)
Deferred tax assets, net	\$ 36,685

The Company is required to evaluate the recoverability of deferred tax assets and to establish a valuation allowance if necessary to reduce the deferred tax asset to an amount which is more likely than not to be realized. Considerable judgment is required in determining whether a valuation allowance is necessary, and if so, the amount of such valuation allowance. In evaluating the need for a valuation allowance, the Company considers many factors, including: (1) the nature of the deferred tax assets and liabilities; (2) whether they are ordinary or capital; (3) the timing of their reversal; (4) taxable income in prior carryback years as well as projected taxable income exclusive of reversing temporary differences and carryforwards; (5) the length of time that carryovers can be utilized; (6) unique tax rules that would impact the utilization of the deferred tax assets; and (7) any tax planning strategies that the Company would employ to avoid a tax benefit from expiring unused.

The Company considered future reversals of taxable temporary differences in realizing deferred tax assets. The Company has not identified any tax planning strategies to support realization of it DTAs at December 31, 2022.

The Company's federal income tax return is consolidated with its parent, Penn Mutual, and Penn Mutual's non-insurance subsidiaries. The method of tax allocation among the companies is subject to a written agreement, whereby the tax allocation is made on a benefits for loss basis. The Company's parent consolidated group has not recorded an operating valuation allowance as of December 31, 2022. As such, although the realization is not assured, management believes it is more likely than not that the deferred tax assets will be realized and, therefore, the Company has not recorded an operating valuation allowance as of December 31, 2022.

The Company did not have any tax reserves for uncertain tax positions as of December 31, 2022. The Company recognizes interest and penalties, if any related to unrecognized tax benefits, as a component of tax expense. During the year ended December 31, 2022, the Company did not recognize or accrue penalties or interest.

The Company remains subject to examinations by U.S. federal and state tax authorities for the tax years 2019 through 2021.

7. **Employee Benefit Plan**

Pension Plan

Certain employees of the Company are covered under Penn Mutual's funded defined benefit pension plan. Penn Mutual's policy is to fund qualified pension costs in accordance with the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974. Penn Mutual may increase its contribution above the minimum based upon an evaluation of the tax and cash positions and the plan's funded status.

Penn Mutual froze the benefits under its qualified, defined benefit pension plans effective December 31, 2005. Therefore, no further benefits are accrued for participants.

Other Retirement and Post Employment Benefits

The Company provides, through Penn Mutual, certain life insurance and health care benefits for its retired employees, their beneficiaries and covered dependents.

Defined Contribution Plan

Substantially all the employees of the Company are covered by Penn Mutual's defined contribution plan. Designated contributions of up to 6% of annual compensation are eligible to be matched by the Company. The balance owed to Penn Mutual for the Employee Benefit Plan as of December 31, 2022 is zero. Payments are made regularly throughout the year.

Commitments and Contingencies

As of December 31, 2022, aggregate minimum commitments for the use of shared space in Penn Mutual's offices through December 31, 2023 are \$244,608.

The Company is involved in litigation arising in the normal course of business. In addition, the regulators within the brokerage industry continue to focus on market conduct and compliance issues. The Company establishes a provision for estimated losses from pending complaints, legal actions, investigations and proceedings when fully analyzed, indicating it is both probable that a liability will be incurred and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated. The ultimate costs of litigation-related charges can vary significantly from period to period, depending on such factors as market conditions, the size and volume of customer complaints, and claims and recoveries from indemnification, contribution or insurance reimbursements.

Concentrations

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk consist principally of bank deposits and money market funds. The Company maintains cash balances with one financial institution that exceeds the federally insured limit of \$250,000 per institution. The Company also maintains money market funds that are not federally insured. Management of the Company believes it has adequately mitigated this risk by only investing in or through major financial institutions.



10. Net Capital Requirements

As a registered broker-dealer, the Company is subject to the Uniform Net Capital Rule under Rule 15c3-1 of Securities Exchange Act of 1934. The Company computes its net capital requirement using the basic method of computation. Under this method, the Company's requirement may not be less than 6\%% of aggregate indebtedness or \$250,000, whichever is greater. The regulations also require that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital not to exceed 15 to 1. At December 31, 2022, the Company had net capital of \$5,002,515, which was \$4,598,465 in excess of its requirement of \$404,050. The Company's aggregate indebtedness to Net Capital Ratio was 1.21 to 1. The Company claims the exemption provision of SEC Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(ii) for activities in its investment advisory and brokerage business, with brokerage activities under this provision related to the sale of mutual funds and other securities. The Company has other activities in its brokerage business, specifically the sale of certain variable annuity products, which fall under the provisions of Footnote 74 of the SEC Release No. 34-70073 adopting amendments to 17 C.F.R. § 240.17a-5.

11. Subsequent Events

The Company has evaluated the events and transactions that have occurred through February 24, 2023, the date the financial statement was available to be issued, and noted no items requiring adjustment of the financial statement or additional disclosures.